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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/601,655	08/04/2000	OSAMU SAKANAKA	20001081A	8304
7	590 11/23/2001			
WENDEROTH LIND & PONACK			EXAMINER	
2033 K STREI SUITE 800	ET NW		ROBINSON,	BINTA M
WASHINGTON, DC 20006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1625	. 10/
			DATE MAILED: 11/23/2001	12

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/601,655	SAKANAKA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Binta M. Robinson	1625			
Period fo						
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply eperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed vs will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.				
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-7,9,10,12-15 and 19-28</u> is/are pen	ding in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1,2,12-15 and 25</u> is/are rejected.		•			
7)🛛	Claim(s) <u>3-7,9,10,19-21,23,24 and 26-28</u> is/ar	e objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
44) 🗆 🖪	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	·				
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
,	•	armier.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 13)						
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
a) _k	1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received				
	2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document		ion No. 09601655			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior					
* S	application from the International Bute the attached detailed Office action for a list	ıreau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-			
14)∐ A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment	(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						

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Detail d Action

The 101 rejection of claim 11, the 112, 2nd rejection of claims 16-17, the 102 (b)and 103 (a) rejections of claims 1, 11, 13, 14, 15, and 16, 17, and 18 are withdrawn in light of applicant's amendment at paper no. 12. (new rejections)

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, does not reasonably provide enablement for the method of preventing fungal diseases or fungi. It is also not established in the art to prevent fungal diseases or fungi. Most drugs do not prevent but treat disease. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The claims as recited are broader than the scope of enablement.

The applicant is referred to *In re Wands*, 858 f.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988) which includes the incorporation of the 8 factors recited in *Ex parte* foreman 230 USPQ 546 (Bd. Of App. And Inter 1986).

There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy

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the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue". These factors include 1)the breadth of the claims, 2) the nature of the invention, 3) the state of the prior art, 4) the level of one of ordinary skill, 5) the level of predictability in the art 6) the amount of direction provided by the inventor 7) the existence of working examples, and 8) the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. In re Wands, 858 F. 2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

In terms of the breadth of the claims, R2 encompasses a much wider Markush grouping of radicals than those tested in the specification. 2) the nature of the invention which is that these compounds are used to treat diseases associated with fungi and are antifungal agents 5) level of predictability in the art. The compounds tested show a wide ranging difference in antifungal activity for similar structures. For example, compounds 53 and 56 only differ at the R2 radicals in Table 2 where for compound 53, R2 is NO2 and for compound 56, R2 is (CH3)2N. Yet the antifungal activity for compound 53 for an 0.025 amount of sample used is 12, whereas the antifungal activity for compound 56 for an 0.025 amount of sample used is 0. The level of predictability regarding antifungal activity is low. The level of predictability regarding antifungal applicant is not tested against the whole breadth of Markush groups that R2 can equal which are any aromatic carboxylic residue other than those excluded in claim 1, page 2 of the amendment at paper no. 12. 7) the existence of working examples. The applicant doesn't test the whole breadth of compounds encompassing the whole breadth of the moieties that R2 can be in formula I in claim 1 of page 2 of the

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amendment at paper no. 12. In terms of the 8th Wands factors, undue experimentation would be required to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure due to the breadth of the claims, the level of predictability in the art of the invention, and the poor amount of direction provided by the inventor. Taking the above factors into consideration, it is not seen where the instant claim is enabled by the instant application.

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2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim(s) 1 -2 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A. In claim 1, line 7, the phrase "a protective group of amino" is indefinite. It is unclear as to which protective group the applicant is referring to.

- B. In claim 2, lines 4-5 and all other occurrences in claim 22, the phrase "having a substituent" is indefinite. It is unclear as to which substituent the applicant is talking about.
- C. In claim 25, line 6, page 5 of amendment 12, the phrase "at least one" is indefinite. There is no upper bound to this phrase. How many substituents is the applicant referring to?
- 3. If the applicant overcomes these rejections and is willing to restrict out the moieties of R2 in formula I of claim 1, page 2 of amendment at paper 12, equal to quinolinecarboxylic acid residue having a substituent, a pyrimidine carboxylic acid residue having a substituent, and a quinoxalinecarboxylic acid residue having a substituent, the case should be in condition for allowance.

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4. Claims 3-7, 9-10, 12-15, 19-24, and 26-28 are objected to because they are based on a

rejected claim.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Binta M. Robinson whose telephone number is (703)

306-5437. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alan Rotman can be reached on (703)308-4698. The fax phone numbers

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7922

for regular communications and (703)308-7922 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-

Binta Robinson

0193.

November 18, 2001

ALAN L. ROTMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER